

CAPSULE SUMMARY

~~BA-552~~ BA-3210

Slade House

13701 Hanover Pike

Woodensburg, Baltimore County

1870 ca.

Private

The Slade House is significant as a representative example of a vernacular Gothic Revival-style house in Baltimore County. This form and style of house is extremely popular throughout the county and throughout the Maryland and Virginia region. This house maintains the characteristic features of a vernacular Gothic Revival-style house such as height, symmetrical façade, L-shaped plan, corbeled chimneys, central entrance, and center cross-gable roof. As a patron of the 1877 Hopkins Atlas, John B. Slade worked as a farmer on his 250 acres. Slade originated from Harford County and settled in the area in 1859. Several years after arriving in the Woodensburg area, Slade purchased several parcels to begin his farming practice. In 1888, with the last will and testament of John B. Slade, the property was passed onto his son Randolph Slade.

The Slade House was constructed circa 1870. This two-and-a-half-story wood-frame house is a typical vernacular Gothic Revival-style house common throughout Baltimore County. It has an L-shaped footprint, measures three bays wide and rests on a random-rubble stone foundation and is clad with vinyl siding. Rising above the center cross-gable roof are three interior-end corbeled brick chimneys. The windows are 2/2 wood sash with square-edged surrounds. The roof is sheathed with standing-seam metal and the boxed cornice is encased with vinyl siding. Associated with this property is one historic chicken house, an 1888 stable, and three non-historic barns and tractor sheds.

BA-3210
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Category		Ownership	Current Function		Resource Count		
			X		Contributing	Noncontributing	
<input type="checkbox"/>	district	<input type="checkbox"/> public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/>	landscape	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private	<input type="checkbox"/>	commerce/trade	<input type="checkbox"/>	recreation/culture	<u> 3 </u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	structure	<input type="checkbox"/> both	<input type="checkbox"/>	defense	<input type="checkbox"/>	religion	<u> </u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	site		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	domestic	<input type="checkbox"/>	social	<u> </u>
<input type="checkbox"/>	object		<input type="checkbox"/>	education	<input type="checkbox"/>	transportation	<u> </u>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	funerary	<input type="checkbox"/>	work in progress	<u> 3 </u>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	government	<input type="checkbox"/>	unknown	<u> </u>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	health care	<input type="checkbox"/>	vacant/not in use	<u> </u>
			<input type="checkbox"/>	industry	<input type="checkbox"/>	other:	<u> </u>
						Number of Contributing Resources previously listed in the Inventory	
						<u> 1 </u>	

7. Description

Inventory No. ~~BA-552~~

BA-3210

Condition

<input type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Slade House was constructed circa 1870 at 13701 Hanover Road. This two-and-a-half-story wood-frame house is a typical vernacular Gothic Revival-style house common throughout Baltimore County. It has an L-shaped footprint, measures three bays wide and rests on a random-rubble stone foundation and is clad with vinyl siding. Rising above the center cross-gable roof are three interior-end corbeled brick chimneys. The windows are 2/2 wood sash with square-edged surrounds. The roof is sheathed with standing-seam metal and the boxed cornice is encased with vinyl siding.

Facing west, the façade is pierced with two windows on the first floor and three on the second floor. The central entrance contains a single-leaf light and panel door illuminated with a two-light transom. Augmenting the façade is a round-arched dormer window in the center cross gable. Across the full-width of the first story is a Craftsman-style 1930s porch. Sitting on a brick pier foundation, the porch is supported with battered wood posts detailed with reeded molding.

A single-leaf entry on the south elevation of the front block at the basement level provides access to the interior. This section exhibits a two bay wide fenestration on the first, second, and upper half story. The upper half story contains 4-light wood casement windows. The rear ell features a single-leaf wood paneled door on the south elevation on the first story. This entry is illuminated with a one-light transom. The second story contains two wood-sash windows. Across the south elevation of the rear ell is a shed roof porch partially enclosed. The enclosed portion of the porch is pierced with one 2/2 wood-sash window. The porch rests on a mixed foundation of random-rubble stone, brick, and concrete blocks.

The east elevation of the Slade House is pierced with one window on the first story of the main block and one on the rear ell. The second story contains two windows on the main block and one in the rear ell.

SECONDARY RESOURCES

Two historic buildings and three non-historic buildings stand on the property to the east of the main house. The oldest outbuilding is the 1888 dairy barn. Sitting on a solid random-rubble stone foundation, this wood-frame building is clad with vertical-board siding. It is topped with a side-gable roof covered with corrugated-sheet metal and features exposed roof rafters and purlins. Attached to the east elevation is a circa 1930 concrete-block milk house. A foundation stone on the inside is engraved with the date 1888.

Directly to the rear of the house is a 1940s chicken coop. It is wood-frame and is capped with a shed roof sheathed with corrugated-sheet metal.

The large non-historic barn northwest of the house dates to the 1990s. It is clad with corrugated-sheet metal and is capped with a side-gable roof sheathed with corrugated-sheet metal. It is one-story high and measures three bays across. To the east of the 1888 dairy barn is a second circa 1990s barn. It differs to the previously described barn in that it has a front-gable roof and is one-bay wide. Southwest of the dairy barn is a one-story shed-roof stable. It is constructed of concrete blocks.

8. Significance

Inventory No. ~~BA-552~~ BA-3210

Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below			
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics	<input type="checkbox"/> health/medicine	<input type="checkbox"/> performing arts	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology	<input type="checkbox"/> education	<input type="checkbox"/> industry	<input type="checkbox"/> philosophy	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> engineering	<input type="checkbox"/> invention	<input type="checkbox"/> politics/government	
<input type="checkbox"/> 1900-1999	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment/ recreation	<input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture	<input type="checkbox"/> religion	
<input type="checkbox"/> 2000-	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> ethnic heritage	<input type="checkbox"/> law	<input type="checkbox"/> science	
	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> exploration/ settlement	<input type="checkbox"/> literature	<input type="checkbox"/> social history	
	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning		<input type="checkbox"/> maritime industry	<input type="checkbox"/> transportation	
	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation		<input type="checkbox"/> military	<input type="checkbox"/> other:	

Specific dates 1870 ca. Architect/Builder John B. Slade (owner)

Construction dates 1870 ca.

Evaluation for:

☐ National Register ☐ Maryland Register ☒ not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance reports, complete evaluation on a DOE Form - see manual.)

SIGNIFICANCE STATEMENT

The Slade House is significant as a representative example of a vernacular Gothic Revival-style house in Baltimore County. This form and style of house is extremely popular throughout the county and throughout the Maryland and Virginia region. This house maintains the characteristic features of a vernacular Gothic Revival-style house such as height, symmetrical façade, L-shaped plan, corbeled chimneys, central entrance, and center cross-gable roof.

HISTORY

The Slade house, circa 1870, is located near the historic village of Woodensburg in the Fourth District of Baltimore County. The Fourth District is located at the western edge towards the center of the county bordering Carroll County, Maryland and contains the largest area of land in the county. It is historically known for its Railroad transportation connecting to Pennsylvania, iron ore mining, and wheat farming. In 1870, the district had a population of 4,167. Hanover Road is a continuation of the Baltimore and Reisterstown turnpike into Pennsylvania. In 1877, clustered around the intersection of Hanover Pike and Old Hanover Road in Woodensburg is a schoolhouse, tavern, and several stores. Residents in the area at this time include Mrs. Musselman, John Green, John Blizzard, Mrs. R. Wooden, L. Van Bibber, A. Buckingham, William Morrison, G. Helms, and William Slade.

As a patron of the 1877 Hopkins Atlas, John B. Slade worked as a farmer on his 250 acres. Slade originated from Harford County and settled in the area in 1859. Several years after arriving in the Woodensburg area, Slade purchased several parcels to begin his farming practice. In 1870, he purchased a third parcel, which approximated 132 acres, from the Samuel Saunders Estate. It is at this time that John B. Slade built his residence on Hanover Pike. In 1888, with the last will and testament of John B. Slade, the property was passed onto his son Randolph Slade. October of that year Randolph Slade conveyed the farm to Stanley Slade. In 1910, after twenty-two years of residence on this property, Slade sold the Slade farm to Edward Cullison. Ten years later, the Slade farm was purchased by Lewis Grimes. Lewis Edwin Grimes sold the property to Harry and Rachel Fowble in 1927. One year following her husband's death in 1954, Rachel Fowble sold the Slade House to C. William and Helen S. King. Five years later the Kings conveyed the property to Lloyd and Hya Watner. After Lloyd Watner's death in 1970, Hya remarried to become Hya W. Heine. The Heines resided in the Slade House until 1997 when Hya Heine sold it to Hamilton and Elizabeth Smith. Hya Heine lived at 13701 Hanover Pike the longest period of time at a total of forty-two years.

CHAIN OF TITLE

June 24, 1862 David Miller and Executors to John B. Slade (Third Parcel]

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. ~~BA-552~~ BA-3210

See continuation sheet.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property 101 acres

Acreage of historical setting 250 acres

Quadrangle name Hampstead, MD

Quadrangle scale 1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

The Slade House is located near the historic village of Woodensburg in the Fourth District of Baltimore County. It is associated with tax map 39 parcel 50 since its construction circa 1870.

11. Form Prepared By

name/title Kristie Baynard, Architectural Historian

organization E.H.T. Traceries, Inc.

date 4/7/03

street and number 1121 Fifth Street, NW

telephone 202-393-1199

city or town Washington

state DC zip code 20001

The Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
DHCD/DHCP
100 Community Place
Crownsville MD 21032
410-514-7600

Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

Inventory No ~~BA-552~~ BA-3210

Name Slade House (preferred)

Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 1

Baltimore County Courthouse
Liber 34 Folio 540

June 5, 1862 Henry Burton to John B. Slade [Second Parcel]
Baltimore County Courthouse
Liber 34 Folio 453

May 2, 1870 Samuel Saunders Estate to John B. Slade (First Parcel)
Baltimore County Courthouse
Liber 66 Folio 178

October 16, 1888 Randolph Slade and wife to Stanley Slade
Baltimore County Courthouse
Liber JWS 172 Folio 8

March 5, 1910 Stanley Slade and wife to Edward Cullison
Baltimore County Courthouse
Liber WPC 406 Folio 379

March 25, 1920 Edward G. and Fannie M. Cullison to Lewis Edwin Grimes
Baltimore County Courthouse
Liber WPC 521 Folio 267

April 25, 1927 Lewis Edwin Grimes, et al to Harry R. and Rachel Fowble
Baltimore County Courthouse
Liber WPC 646 Folio 26

February 14, 1955 Rachel E. Fowble, to C. William and Helen S. King
Baltimore County Courthouse
Liber GLB 2646 Folio 49

June 23, 1960 C. William and Helen S. King to Lloyd and Hya Watner
Baltimore County Courthouse
Liber WJR 3717 Folio 8

July 28, 1997 Hya W. Heine to Hamilton O. and Elizabeth Anne Smith
Baltimore County Courthouse
Liber 12317 Folio 260

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

BA-3210
Inventory No. ~~BA-552~~

Name Slade House (preferred)

Continuation Sheet

Number 9 Page 1

Atlas of Baltimore County, Maryland. Philadelphia, PA: G. M. Hopkins, 1877.

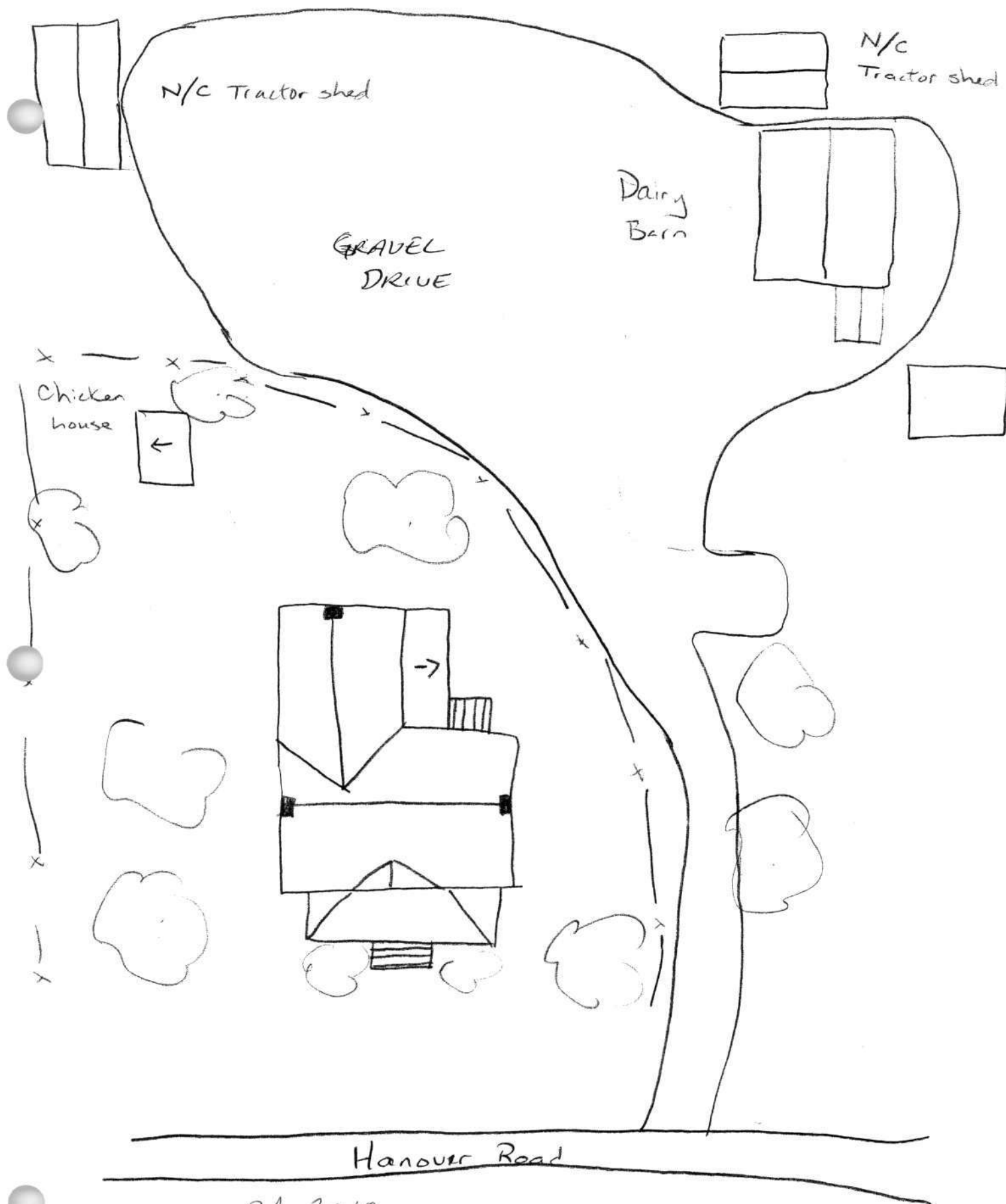
Baltimore County Historic Inventory.

Brooks, Neal A. and Eric G. Rockel. A History of Baltimore County. Towson, MD: Friends of the Towson Library, Inc., 1979.

Map of Baltimore County. Philadelphia, PA: G. W. Bromley, 1915.

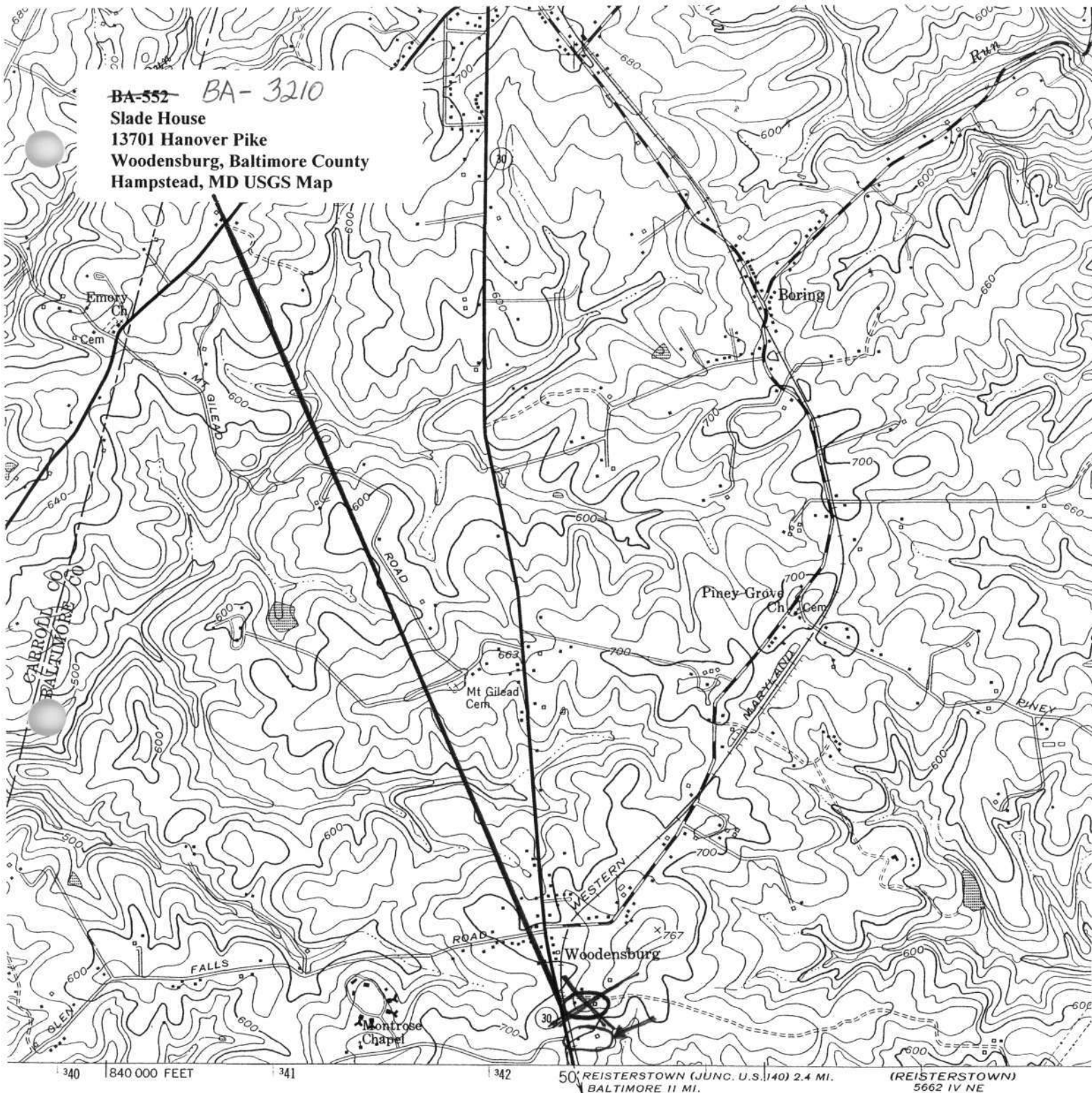
Scharf, J. Thomas. History of Baltimore City and County From the Earliest Period to the Present Day: Including Biographical Sketches of Their Representative Men. Philadelphia, PA: Louis H. Everts, 1881. Reprinted by Higginson Book Company, Salem, MA.

Sidney, J. C. Map of the City and County of Baltimore, Maryland, from Original Surveys. Baltimore, MD: James M. Stephens, 1850



BA-552 BA-3210
SLADE HOUSE
13701 Hanover Pike
BALTIMORE County, MD
SITE PLAN

BA-552 BA-3210
 Slade House
 13701 Hanover Pike
 Woodensburg, Baltimore County
 Hampstead, MD USGS Map



ervice
 Geological Survey

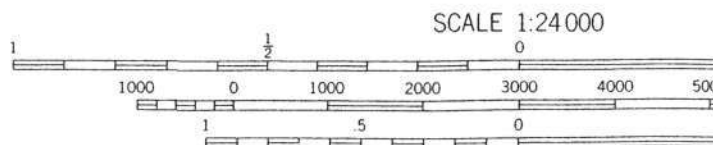
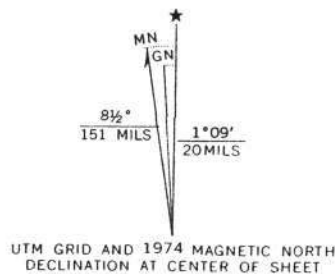
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aphs by stereophotogrammetric
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CONTOUR INTERVAL 20 FEET
 NATIONAL GEODETIC VERTICAL DATUM OF

THIS MAP COMPLIES WITH NATIONAL MAP ACCURACY
 FOR SALE BY U. S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, DENVER, C
 OR RESTON, VIRGINIA 22092
 A FOLDER DESCRIBING TOPOGRAPHIC MAPS AND SYMBOLS IS A



BA-3210

SLADE HOUSE

13701 HANOVER PIKE

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRACERIES

3/2003

MD SHPO

WEST ELEVATION

1 OF 4



BA-3210

SLADE HOUSE

13701 HANOVER PIKE

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRACERIES

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MD SHPO

VIEW LOOKING NW

2 OF 4



BA-3210

SLADE HOUSE

13701 HANOVER PIKE

BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD

TRACERIES

3/2003

MD SHPO

BARN, VIEW LOOKING NE

3 OF 4



BA-3210

SLADE HOUSE

13701 HANOVER PIKE
BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD
TRACERIES

3/2003

MD SHPO

CHICKEN HOUSE, SOUTH ELEVATION

4 OF 4